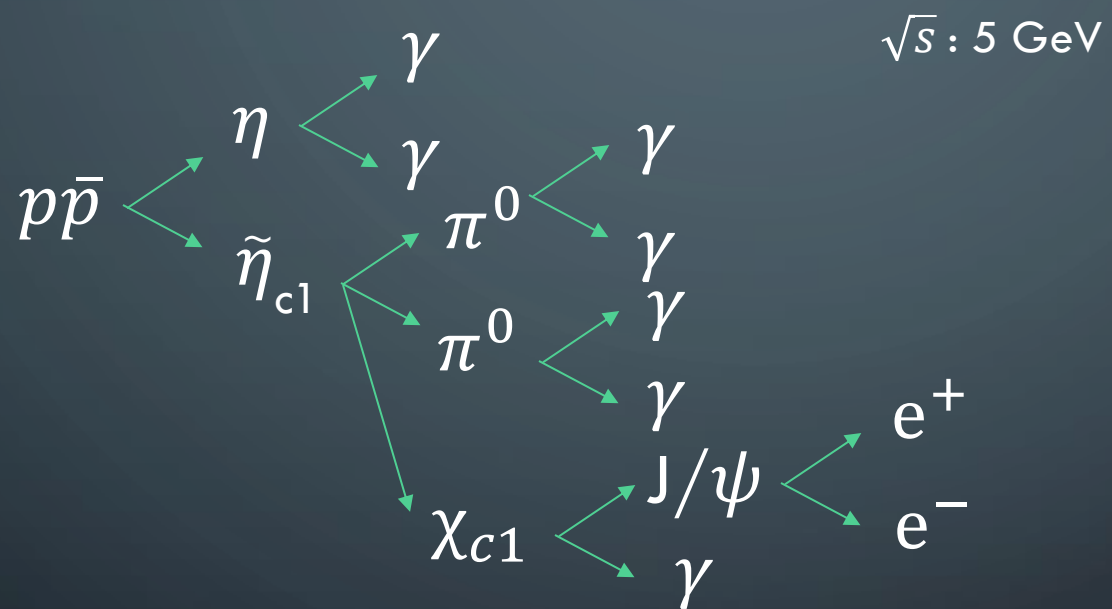


ANALYZING A COMPLEX DECAY CHANNEL BY USING GENETIC ALGORITHM

ÁRON KRIPKÓ FOR THE PANDA COLLABORATION

A. G. BRINKMANN

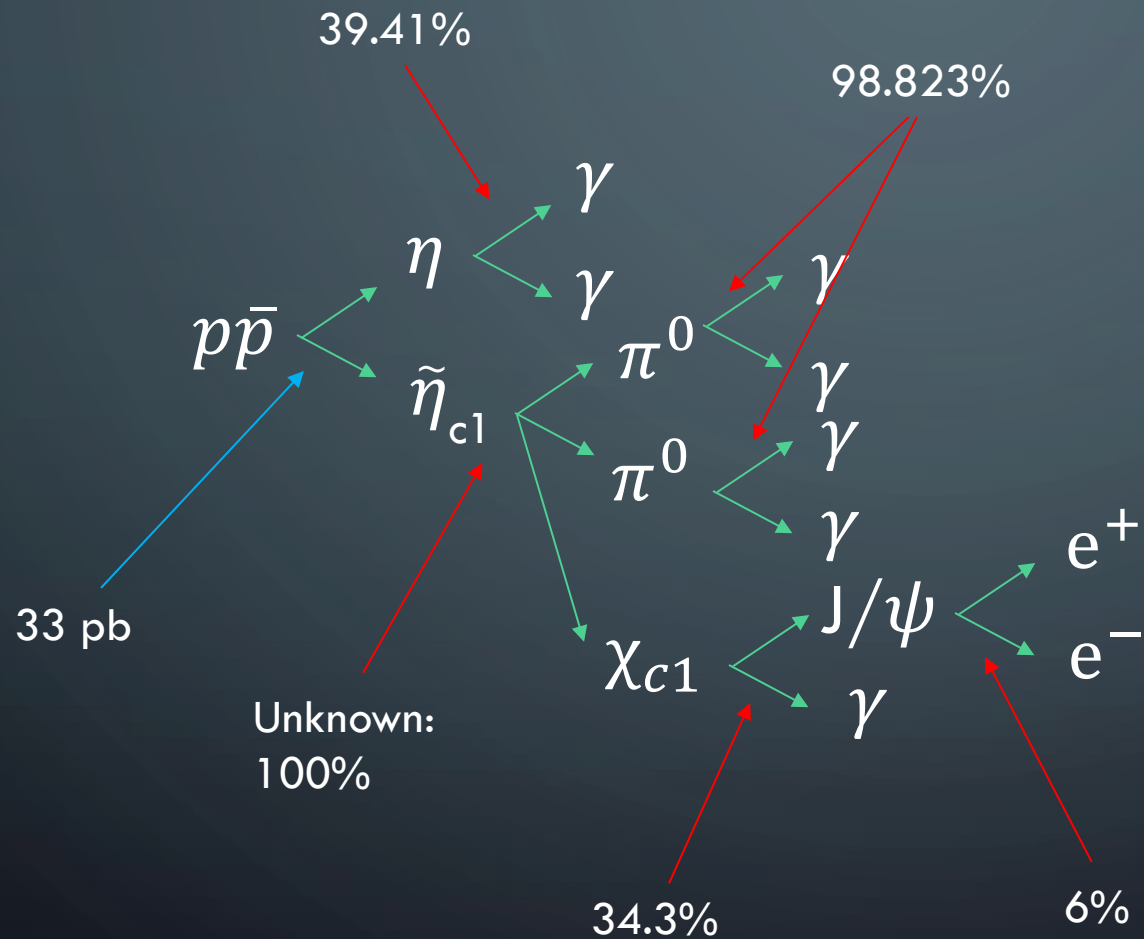
THE DECAY



BACKGROUND

0.2110	pi+ pi+ pi- pi- pi0 pi0 pi0 pi0	PHSP; # x-sec =	571.565 mub	0.0043	pi+ pi+ pi- anti-p- n0 pi0 pi0 pi0 pi0	PHSP; # x-sec =	11.784 mub
0.0994	pi+ pi+ pi- pi- pi0 pi0 pi0 eta	PHSP; # x-sec =	269.277 mub	0.0042	n0 anti-n0 pi0 pi0 gamma K_S0	PHSP; # x-sec =	11.344 mub
0.0697	pi- p+ anti-n0 pi0 pi0 pi0	PHSP; # x-sec =	188.941 mub	0.0041	pi+ pi- pi0 pi0 pi0 K_S0 K_L0	PHSP; # x-sec =	11.117 mub
0.0692	pi+ anti-p- n0 pi0 pi0 pi0	PHSP; # x-sec =	187.574 mub	0.0041	pi+ pi- n0 anti-n0 pi0 pi0 gamma	PHSP; # x-sec =	11.090 mub
0.0463	pi+ pi- n0 anti-n0 pi0 pi0 pi0	PHSP; # x-sec =	125.389 mub	0.0037	pi+ pi+ pi- pi- pi0 pi0 gamma eta	PHSP; # x-sec =	9.941 mub
0.0387	pi+ pi- pi0 pi0 pi0 pi0	PHSP; # x-sec =	104.942 mub	0.0036	pi+ pi- pi0 pi0 eta eta	PHSP; # x-sec =	9.862 mub
0.0379	pi+ pi- pi- p+ anti-n0 pi0 pi0 pi0	PHSP; # x-sec =	102.683 mub	0.0035	pi+ pi- pi- K+ pi0 pi0 pi0 pi0 K_L0	PHSP; # x-sec =	9.434 mub
0.0367	pi+ pi+ pi- anti-p- n0 pi0 pi0 pi0	PHSP; # x-sec =	99.497 mub	0.0035	pi+ pi+ pi- K- pi0 pi0 pi0 pi0 K_L0	PHSP; # x-sec =	9.350 mub
0.0231	pi+ anti-p- n0 pi0 pi0 eta	PHSP; # x-sec =	62.563 mub	0.0034	pi+ pi+ pi- pi- pi0 pi0 pi0 gamma gamma	PHSP; # x-sec =	9.124 mub
0.0227	pi- p+ anti-n0 pi0 pi0 eta	PHSP; # x-sec =	61.542 mub	0.0033	pi+ pi- pi- K+ pi0 pi0 eta K_L0	PHSP; # x-sec =	8.867 mub
0.0227	pi+ pi- p+ anti-p- pi0 pi0 pi0 pi0	PHSP; # x-sec =	61.541 mub	0.0032	pi+ anti-p- n0 pi0 pi0 gamma K_L0	PHSP; # x-sec =	8.592 mub
0.0204	pi+ pi- pi0 pi0 pi0 eta	PHSP; # x-sec =	55.196 mub	0.0030	pi- p+ anti-n0 pi0 pi0 gamma K_L0	PHSP; # x-sec =	8.148 mub
0.0179	p+ anti-p- pi0 pi0 pi0 pi0	PHSP; # x-sec =	48.600 mub	0.0029	pi+ pi- n0 anti-n0 pi0 pi0 gamma K_S0	PHSP; # x-sec =	7.879 mub
0.0151	pi+ pi+ pi- pi- pi0 pi0 eta eta	PHSP; # x-sec =	40.853 mub	0.0028	pi+ pi+ pi- pi- pi0 pi0 pi0 K_L0 K_L0	PHSP; # x-sec =	7.634 mub
0.0147	pi- p+ anti-n0 pi0 pi0 pi0 pi0	PHSP; # x-sec =	39.750 mub	0.0027	pi+ pi- p+ anti-p- pi0 pi0 pi0 gamma	PHSP; # x-sec =	7.437 mub
0.0142	pi+ anti-p- n0 pi0 pi0 pi0 pi0	PHSP; # x-sec =	38.384 mub	0.0026	pi- p+ anti-n0 pi0 pi0 pi0 K_S0	PHSP; # x-sec =	6.909 mub
0.0140	pi+ pi+ pi- pi- pi0 pi0 pi0 gamma	PHSP; # x-sec =	37.962 mub	0.0025	pi+ pi+ pi- anti-p- n0 pi0 pi0 pi0 eta	PHSP; # x-sec =	6.829 mub
0.0140	pi+ pi- p+ anti-p- pi0 pi0 pi0 eta	PHSP; # x-sec =	37.943 mub	0.0025	pi+ anti-p- n0 pi0 pi0 pi0 K_L0	PHSP; # x-sec =	6.773 mub
0.0135	p+ anti-p- pi0 pi0 pi0 eta	PHSP; # x-sec =	36.442 mub	0.0025	pi- p+ anti-n0 pi0 pi0 pi0 K_L0	PHSP; # x-sec =	6.727 mub
0.0133	pi+ pi- n0 anti-n0 pi0 pi0 eta	PHSP; # x-sec =	35.934 mub	0.0025	pi+ anti-p- n0 pi0 pi0 pi0 K_S0	PHSP; # x-sec =	6.704 mub
0.0124	pi+ pi+ pi- pi- pi0 pi0 pi0 pi0 gamma	PHSP; # x-sec =	33.476 mub	0.0024	K+ anti-p- n0 pi0 pi0 pi0	PHSP; # x-sec =	6.560 mub
0.0106	pi+ pi+ pi- anti-p- n0 pi0 pi0 eta	PHSP; # x-sec =	28.786 mub	0.0023	pi+ pi- pi- p+ anti-n0 pi0 pi0 pi0 eta	PHSP; # x-sec =	6.185 mub
0.0104	pi+ pi- pi- p+ anti-n0 pi0 pi0 eta	PHSP; # x-sec =	28.252 mub	0.0023	pi+ pi- pi0 pi0 pi0 pi0 gamma	PHSP; # x-sec =	6.168 mub
0.0091	pi- p+ anti-n0 pi0 pi0 pi0 eta	PHSP; # x-sec =	24.763 mub	0.0022	K- p+ anti-n0 pi0 pi0 pi0	PHSP; # x-sec =	6.092 mub
0.0088	pi+ anti-p- n0 pi0 pi0 pi0 eta	PHSP; # x-sec =	23.759 mub	0.0021	pi+ pi- p+ anti-p- pi0 pi0 pi0 K_L0	PHSP; # x-sec =	5.781 mub
0.0086	pi+ pi- K+ K- pi0 pi0 pi0 pi0	PHSP; # x-sec =	23.251 mub	0.0021	pi+ pi+ pi- pi- n0 anti-n0 pi0 pi0 eta	PHSP; # x-sec =	5.770 mub
0.0084	pi+ pi+ pi- K- pi0 pi0 pi0 K_L0	PHSP; # x-sec =	22.728 mub	0.0021	p+ anti-p- pi0 pi0 pi0 K_L0	PHSP; # x-sec =	5.716 mub
0.0084	pi+ pi- pi- K+ pi0 pi0 pi0 K_L0	PHSP; # x-sec =	22.671 mub				
0.0079	pi+ pi+ pi- pi- n0 anti-n0 pi0 pi0 pi0	PHSP; # x-sec =	21.409 mub				
0.0064	pi+ pi- n0 anti-n0 pi0 pi0 K_L0	PHSP; # x-sec =	17.336 mub				
0.0051	pi+ pi- K+ K- pi0 pi0 pi0 eta	PHSP; # x-sec =	13.869 mub				
0.0046	pi+ pi+ pi- pi- pi0 pi0 pi0 gamma eta	PHSP; # x-sec =	12.459 mub				
0.0045	pi+ pi- pi- p+ anti-n0 pi0 pi0 pi0 pi0	PHSP; # x-sec =	12.059 mub				

CROSS-SECTION AND BRANCHING FRACTIONS



60000 signal – $6 \cdot 10^{14}$ background

CUTS

- 60000 signal
- 60000 background
- The background was scaled for the significance calculation
- The new clustering algorithm was used
 - Better neutral reconstruction
 - Available in the PandaRoot dev

GENETIC ALGORITHM

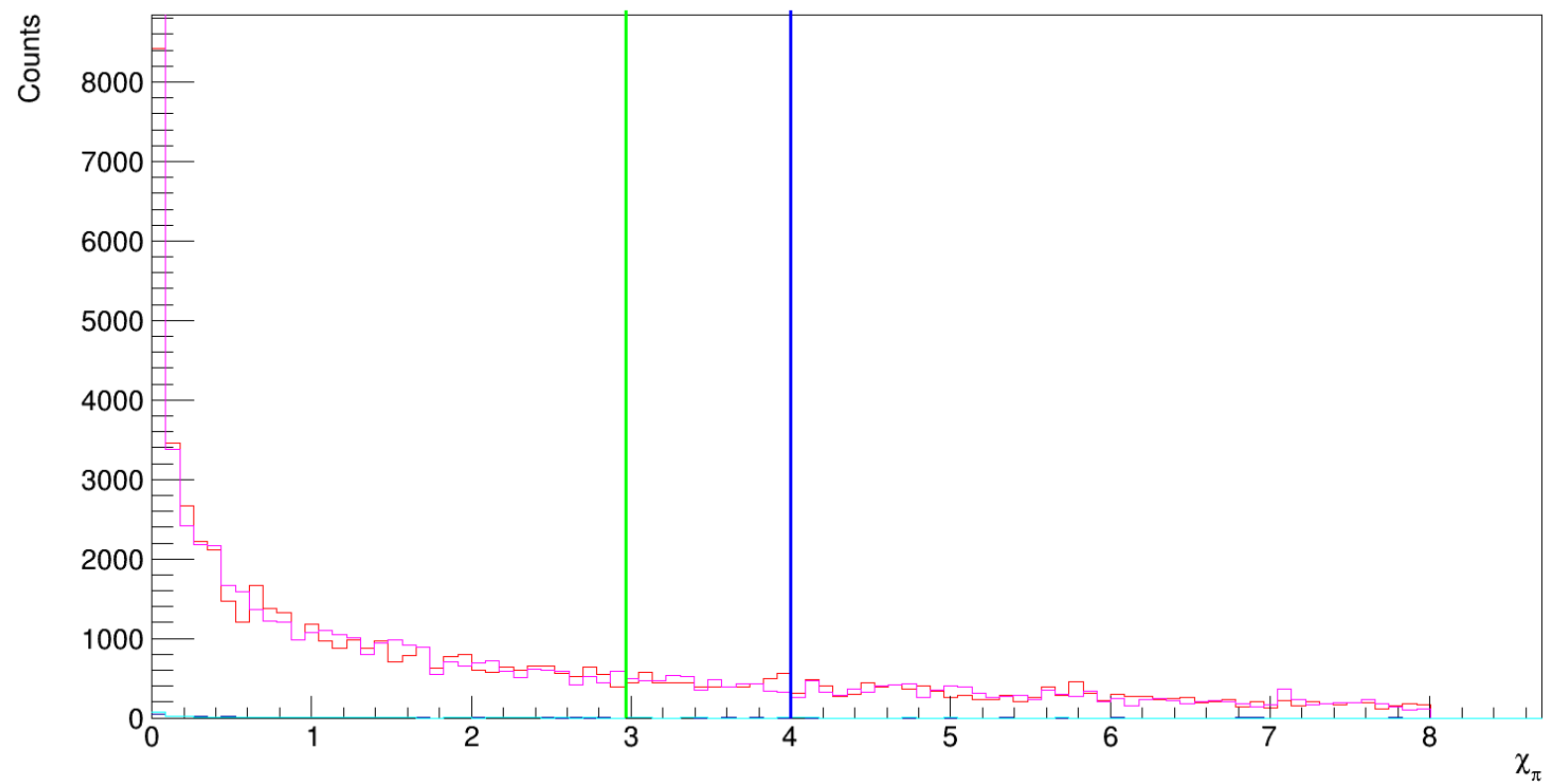
- Continued the work of Christian Will
- Inspired by natural selection
- Used when the evaluation of the fitness function takes many time
- Mutation: randomly modify a parameter with a few percent
- Cross-over: generate new individuals by taking parameters from 2 or more individuals
- Selection: Delete the worst individuals
- Drawback: not scale well with complexity

Parameter	Simulated	NTuple	Hand	Genetic
Pion mass	-	0.132-0.138	0.1349-0.1354	0.107-0.169
Eta mass	-	0.048-1.048	0.5477-0.5494	0.046-1.047
Muon mass	-	0-0.3	0-1.1	0.045-0.231
J/psi mass	-	0.09-6.09	3.0965-3.106	2.241-3.249
Chi_c mass	-	0.51-6.51	3.48-3.55	3.497-3.707
Eta_c1 mass	-	3.3-5.3	4.1-4.5	3.948-4.604
Pbarp mass	-	3.9-6.2	4.939-5.058	4.992-5.37
Pion chi	-	8	4	2.971
Eta chi	-	8	5	2.971
J/psi chi	-	-	7	12.941
J/psi vertex chi	-	40	4	23.286
Pbarp chi	-	20	3	3.356
Significance	0	0	0.01397	4.82759
FTM	467	292	179	133

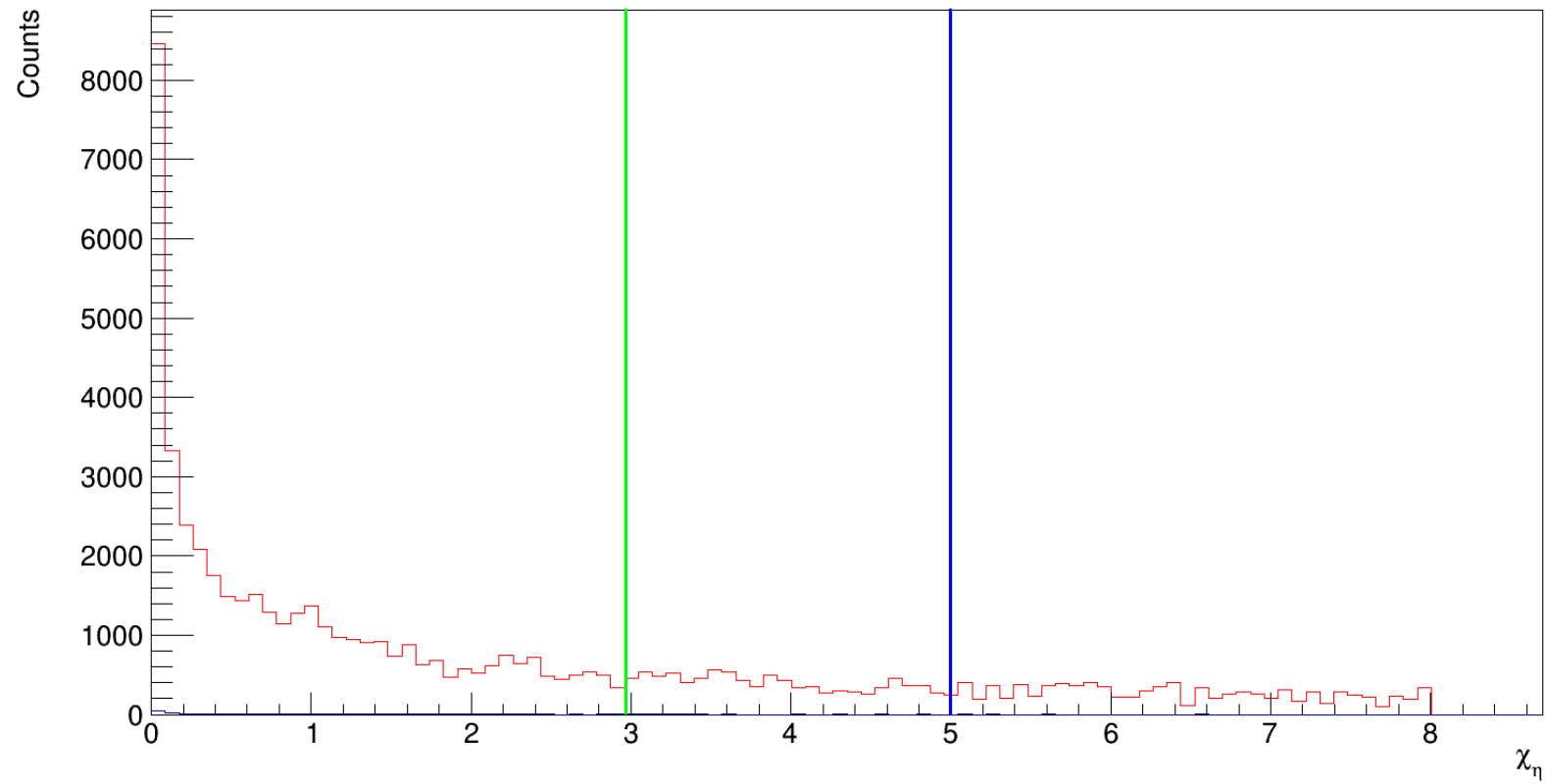
LEGEND

- Red – simulated signal event
- Blue – FTM simulated signal event
- Blue line – cuts placed by hand
- Green line – cuts placed by genetic algorithm

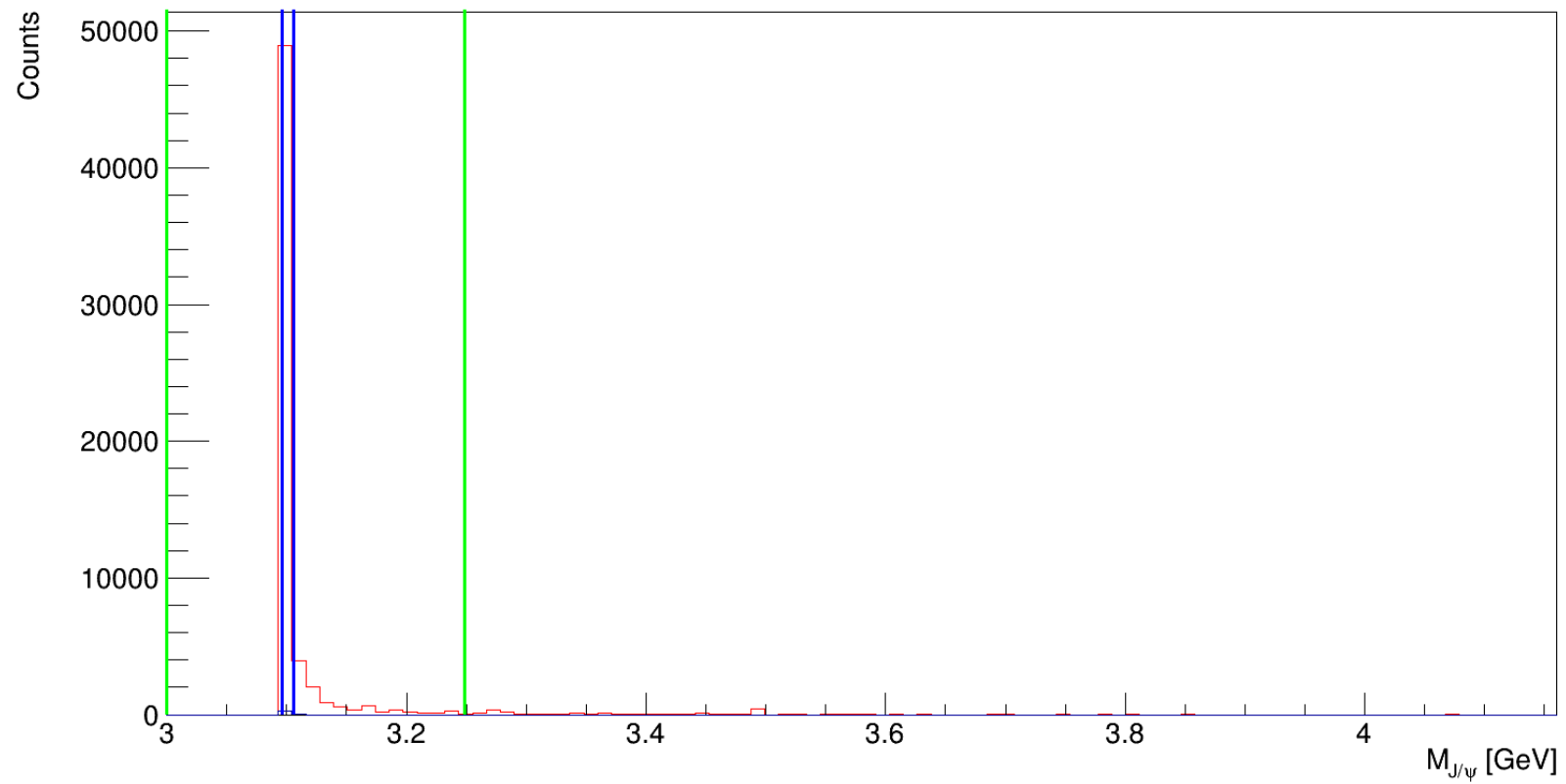
PION MASS CONSTRAINT FIT



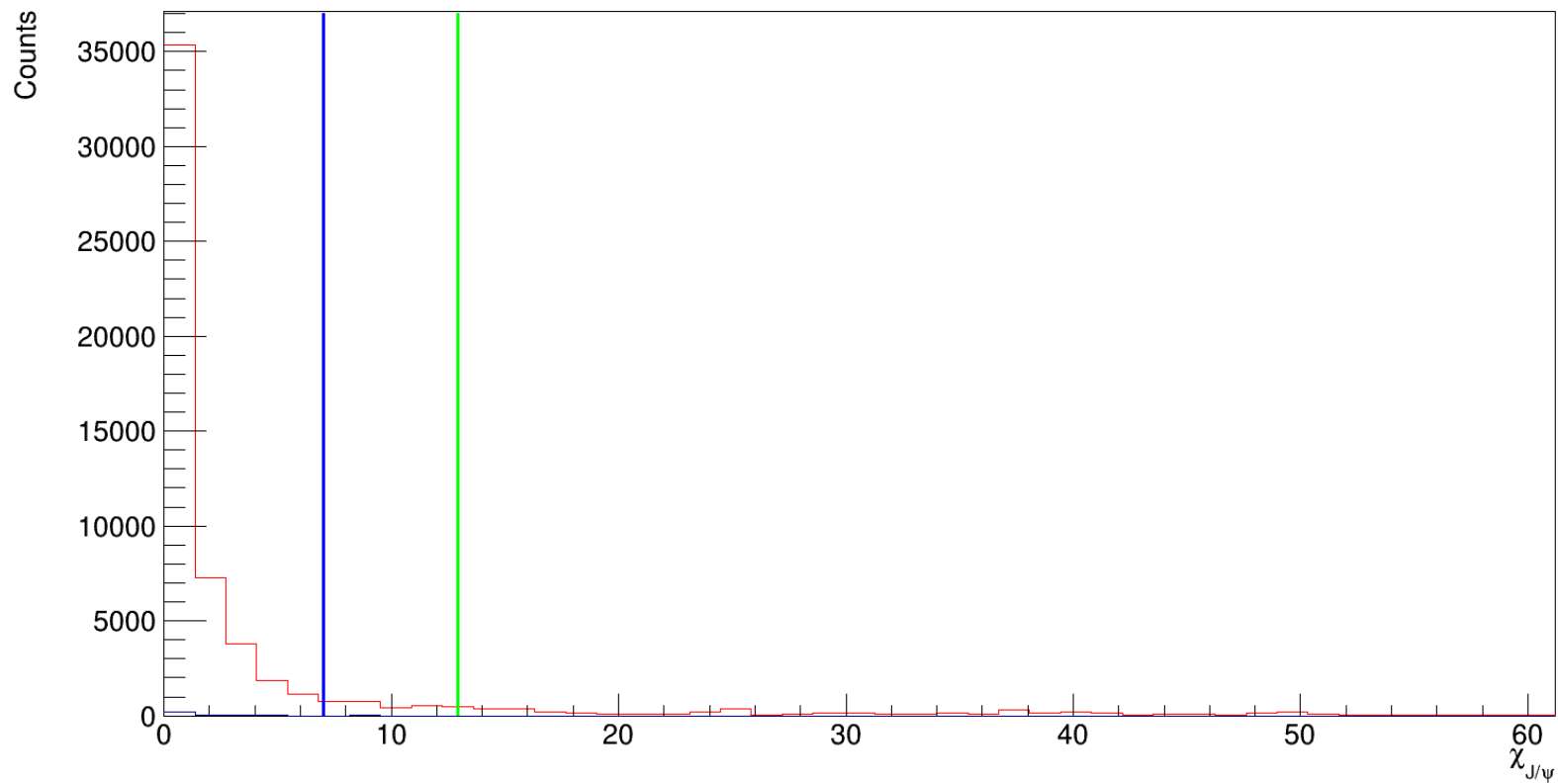
ETA MASS CONSTRAINT FIT



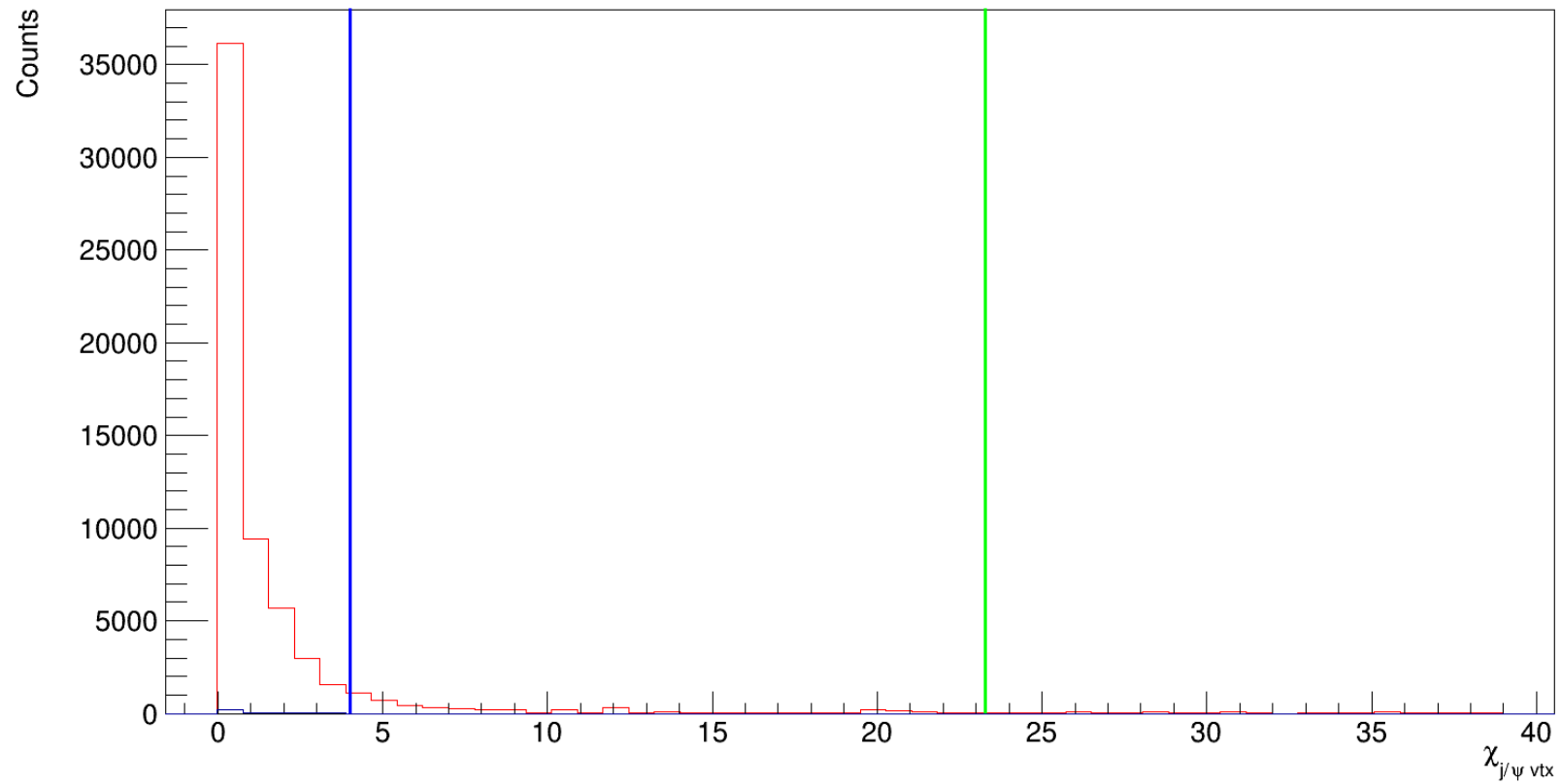
J/PSI MASS



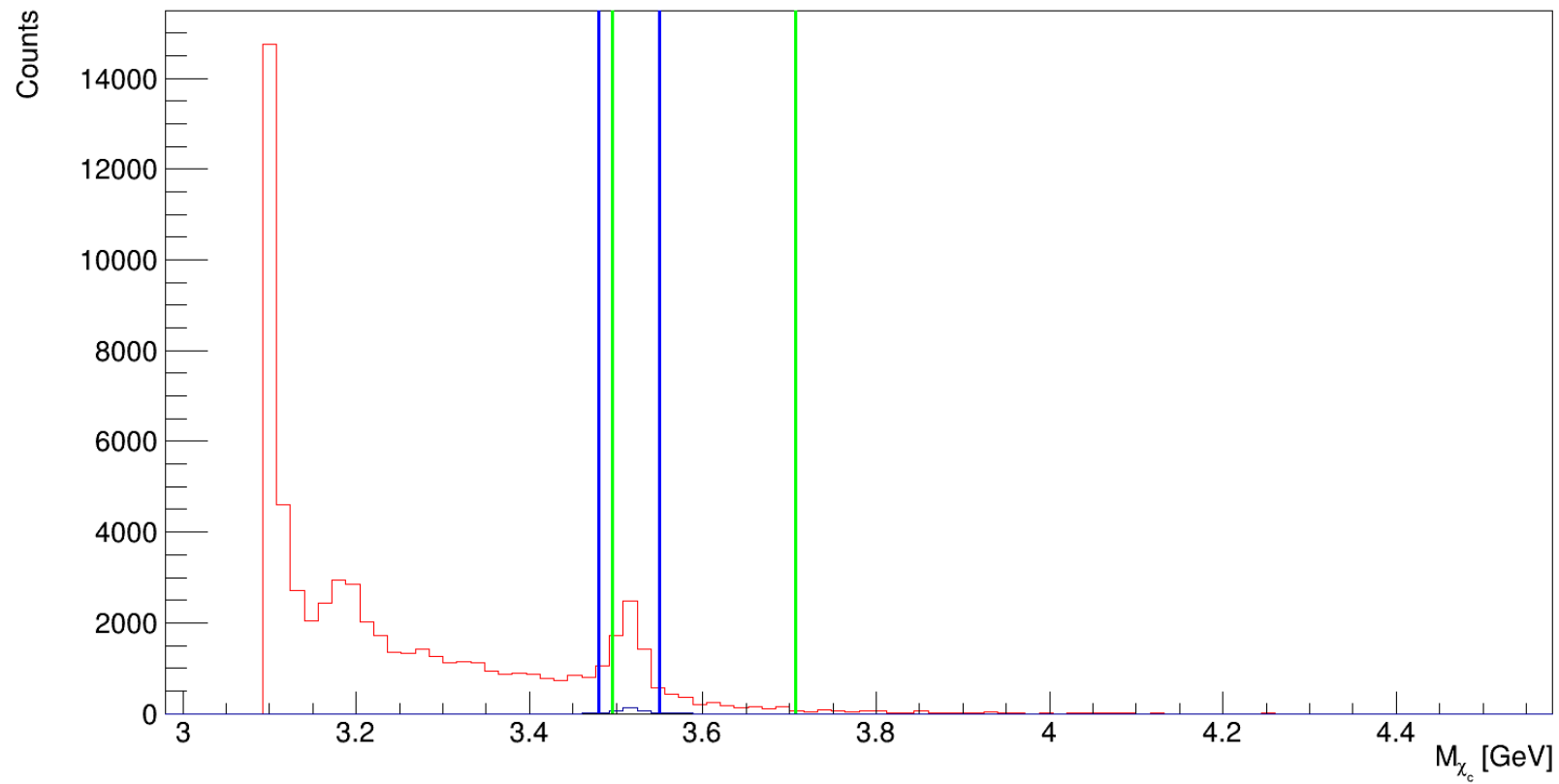
J/PSI MASS CONSTRAINT FIT



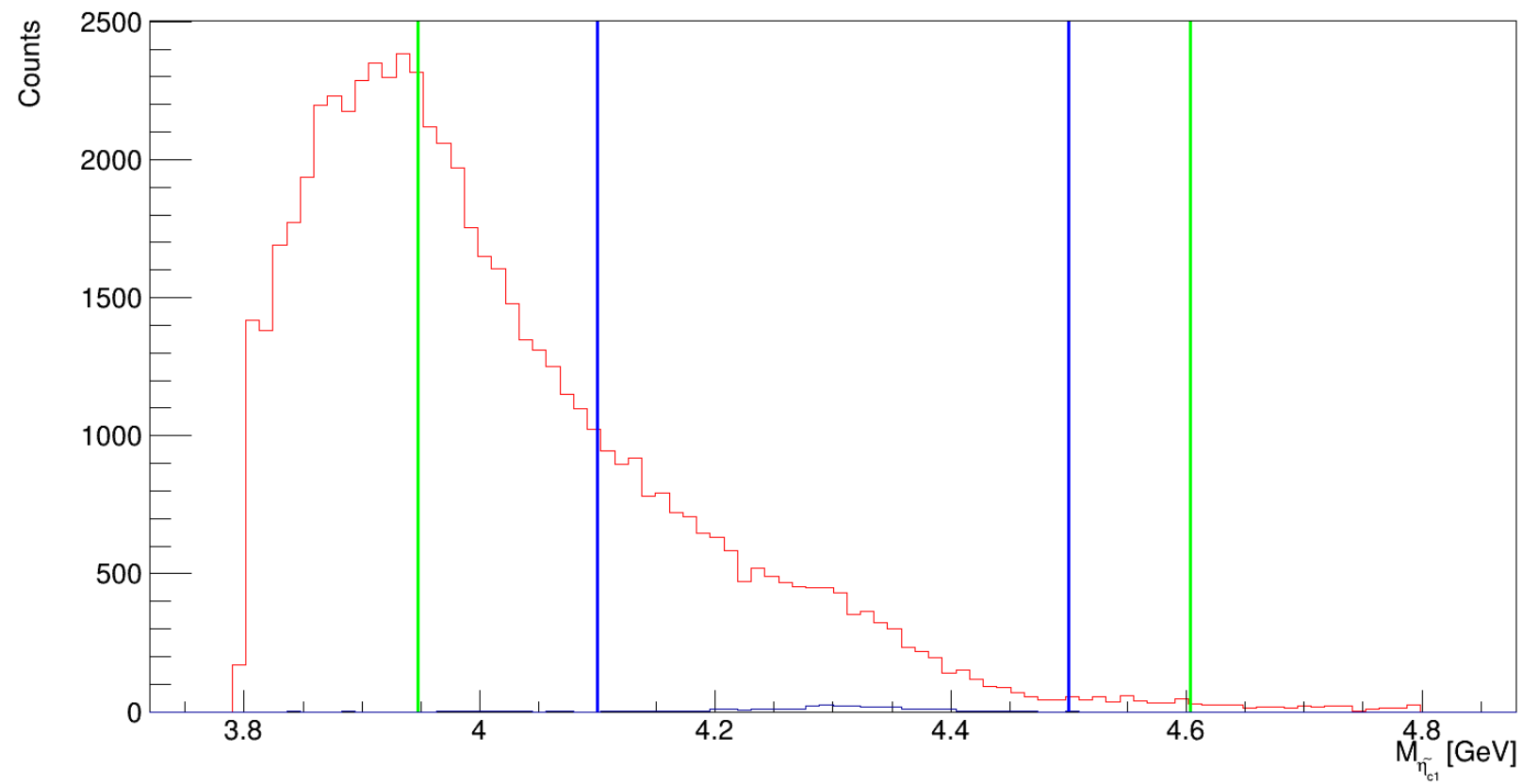
J/PSI VERTEX FIT



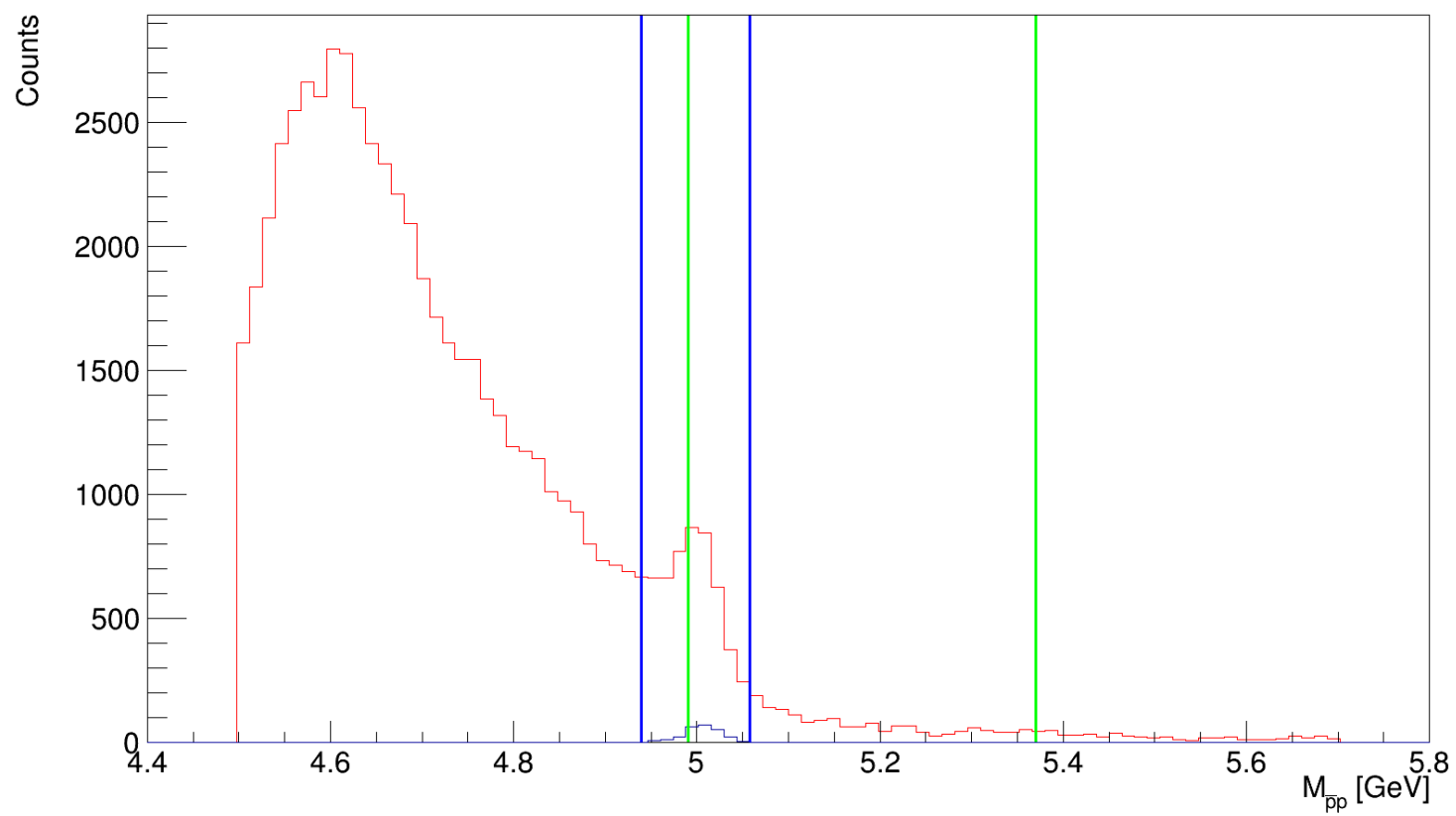
CHIC1 MASS



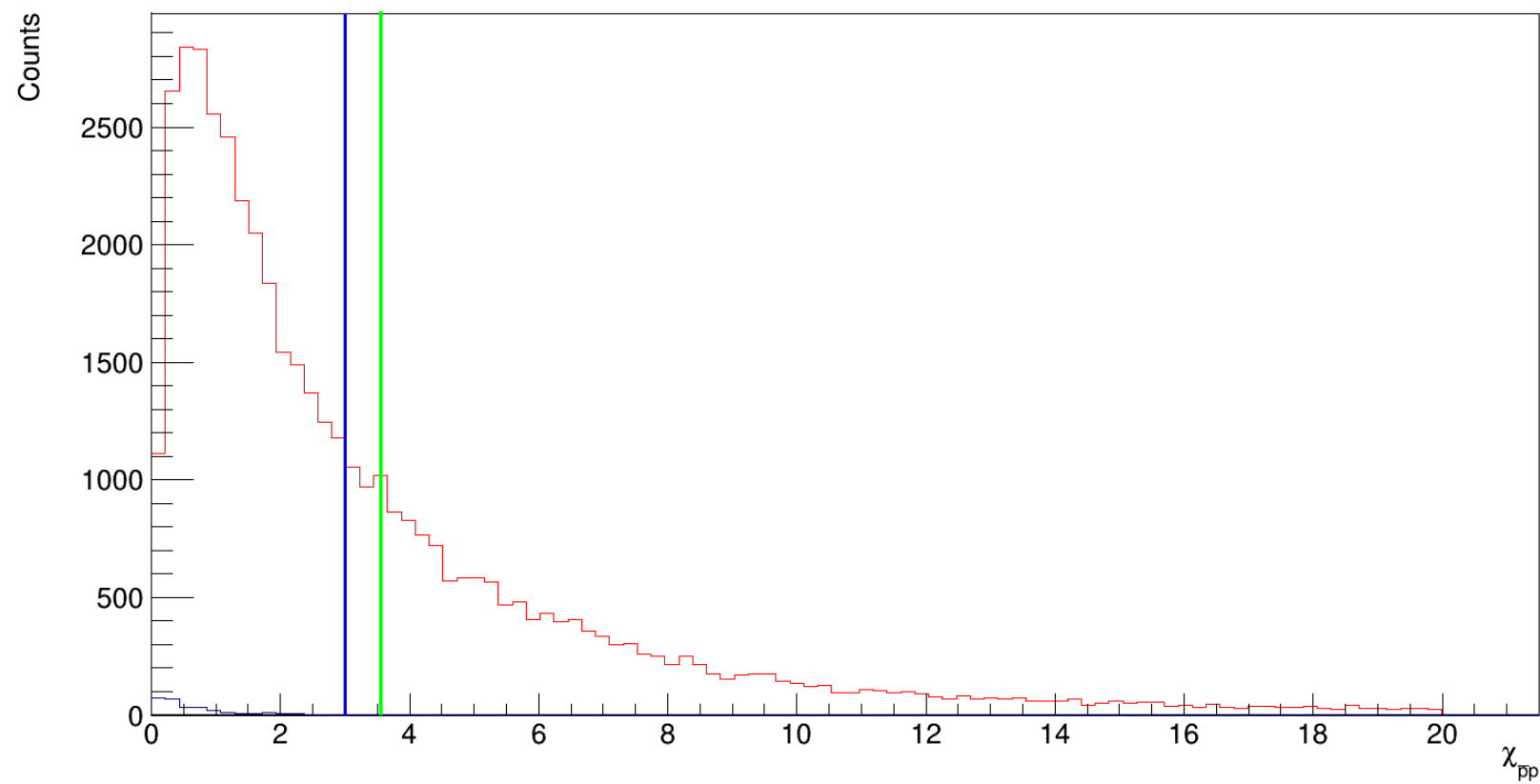
ETAC1TILDE MASS



PBARP MASS

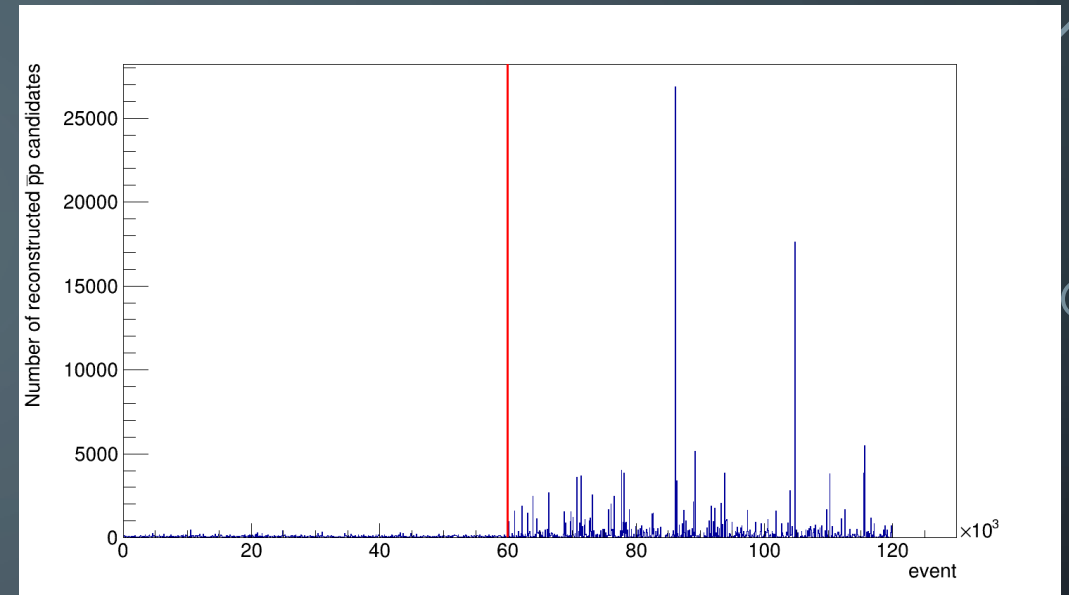


PBARP 4 CONSTRAINT FIT

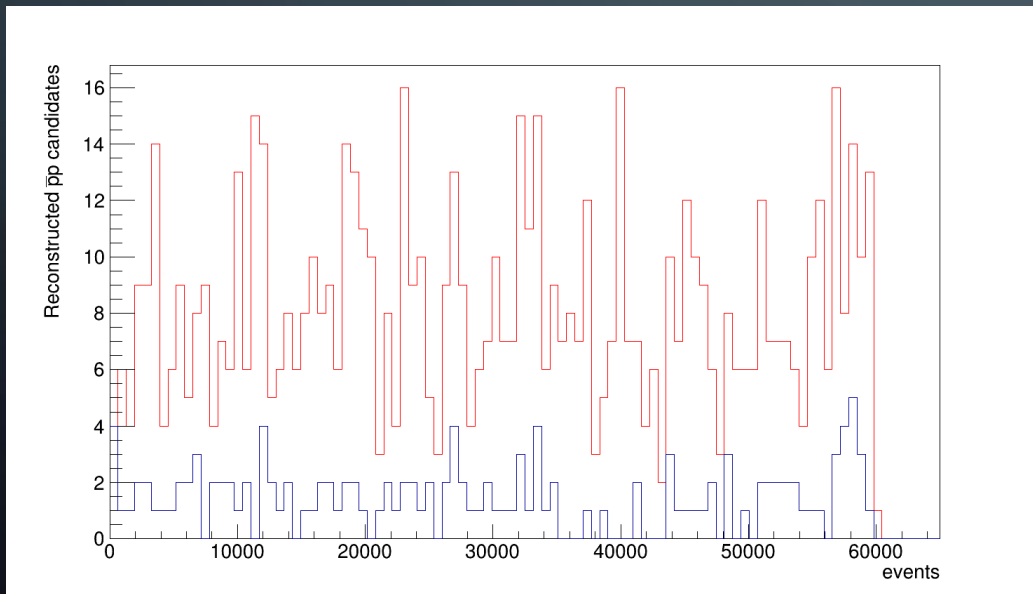


EFFECT OF THE CUTS

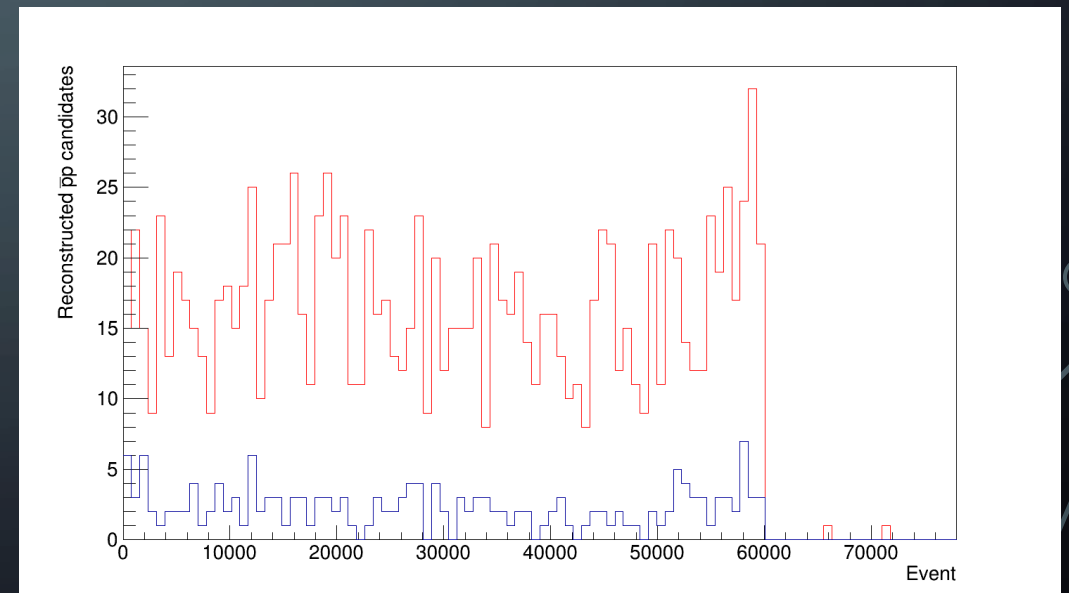
Simulated:



Genetic:



Hand:



MUCH MORE BACKGROUND EVENTS

- The genetic algorithm seems to work so far
- But what if we simulate much more background events - $3 \cdot 10^8$

Hand	Genetic
0.00326	0.000329

- Running the genetic algorithm on this much bigger dataset

MISSING RESONANCES

- Investigate, what happened to the 55000 not detected resonance
- Almost all leptons were detected -> the problem is with the photons
- How to find the missing photons?
 - Compare the generated tracks '`theAnalysis->FillList(mctruth, "McTruth");`' with the reconstructed ones '`(PndEmcHit->GetMcList());`'
 - Check if a track entered a sensitive detector '`PndMCTrack->GetNPoints(kEMC);`'
 - Compare the generated distributions of the detected and non-detected photons (E, p, theta, phi, ...) - there is no difference between them

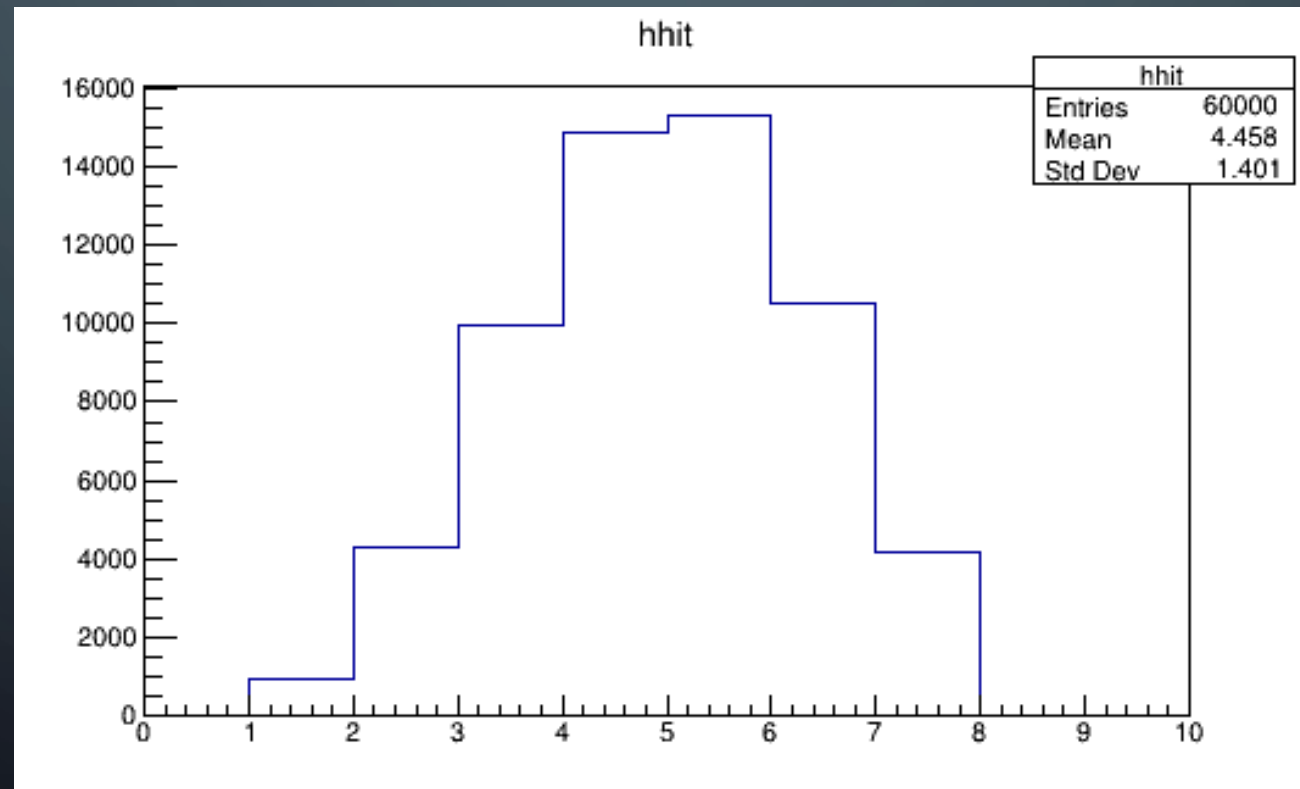
SENSITIVE DETECTOR HIT

- Percent of the primary gamma tracks which created a signal in a sensitive detector part
- If a pair production is allowed 63% is detected in the EMC
- This means, that all photons were detected approx. in 2400/60000 events

```
Percent of gammas detected in DRC: 36.2148
Percent of gammas detected in MDT: 0.0216667
Percent of gammas detected in MVD: 0.307857
Percent of gammas detected in RICH: 0
Percent of gammas detected in EMC: 61.9819
Percent of gammas detected in STT: 0.344048
Percent of gammas detected in FTOF: 0.0942857
Percent of gammas detected in TOF: 0.410952
Percent of gammas detected in GEM: 0.392143
Percent of gammas detected in DSK: 0.517381
Percent of gammas detected in HYP: 0
Percent of gammas detected in RPC: 0
Percent of gammas detected in LUMI: 0
Percent of gammas detected in HYPG: 0
Percent of gammas detected in FTS: 0.132619
```

CREATED HITS

- Number of events when a hit is created from a gamma or any of its daughter tracks



CLUSTERS

- After the clustering this 4000 is reduced
- A comparison between the 2 clustering algorithms:
 - MC number of the clusters which have a contribution from the gamma

New	Old
Gamma 10: Clusters : evt 99 [INFO] FairRunAna::Run() After checking, the run will run from event 99 to 100. Gamma 14: Clusters : [INFO] FairRunAna::Run() After checking, the run will run from event 99 to 100. Gamma 15: Clusters :15 , [INFO] FairRunAna::Run() After checking, the run will run from event 99 to 100. Gamma 6: Clusters : [INFO] FairRunAna::Run() After checking, the run will run from event 99 to 100. Gamma 7: Clusters :7 , [INFO] FairRunAna::Run() After checking, the run will run from event 99 to 100. Gamma 8: Clusters : [INFO] FairRunAna::Run() After checking, the run will run from event 99 to 100. Gamma 9: Clusters : [INFO] FairRunAna::Run() After checking, the run will run from event 99 to 100. Gamma 10: Clusters :10 ,	Gamma 10: Clusters : evt 99 [INFO] FairRunAna::Run() After checking, the run will run from event 99 to 100. Gamma 14: Clusters :15 , [INFO] FairRunAna::Run() After checking, the run will run from event 99 to 100. Gamma 15: Clusters :15 , [INFO] FairRunAna::Run() After checking, the run will run from event 99 to 100. Gamma 6: Clusters : [INFO] FairRunAna::Run() After checking, the run will run from event 99 to 100. Gamma 7: Clusters :7 , [INFO] FairRunAna::Run() After checking, the run will run from event 99 to 100. Gamma 8: Clusters :15 , [INFO] FairRunAna::Run() After checking, the run will run from event 99 to 100. Gamma 9: Clusters : [INFO] FairRunAna::Run() After checking, the run will run from event 99 to 100. Gamma 10: Clusters :10 ,661 ,593 ,761 ,

SUMMARY

- The signal-background ratio is very small – challenging channel
- Using the new clustering algorithm – mayor improvement for this channel
- Using genetic algorithm to optimize the cuts
 - Should be checked by a simpler channel
- The photon reconstruction is poor
 - Trying to find the reason
 - We didn't find it yet