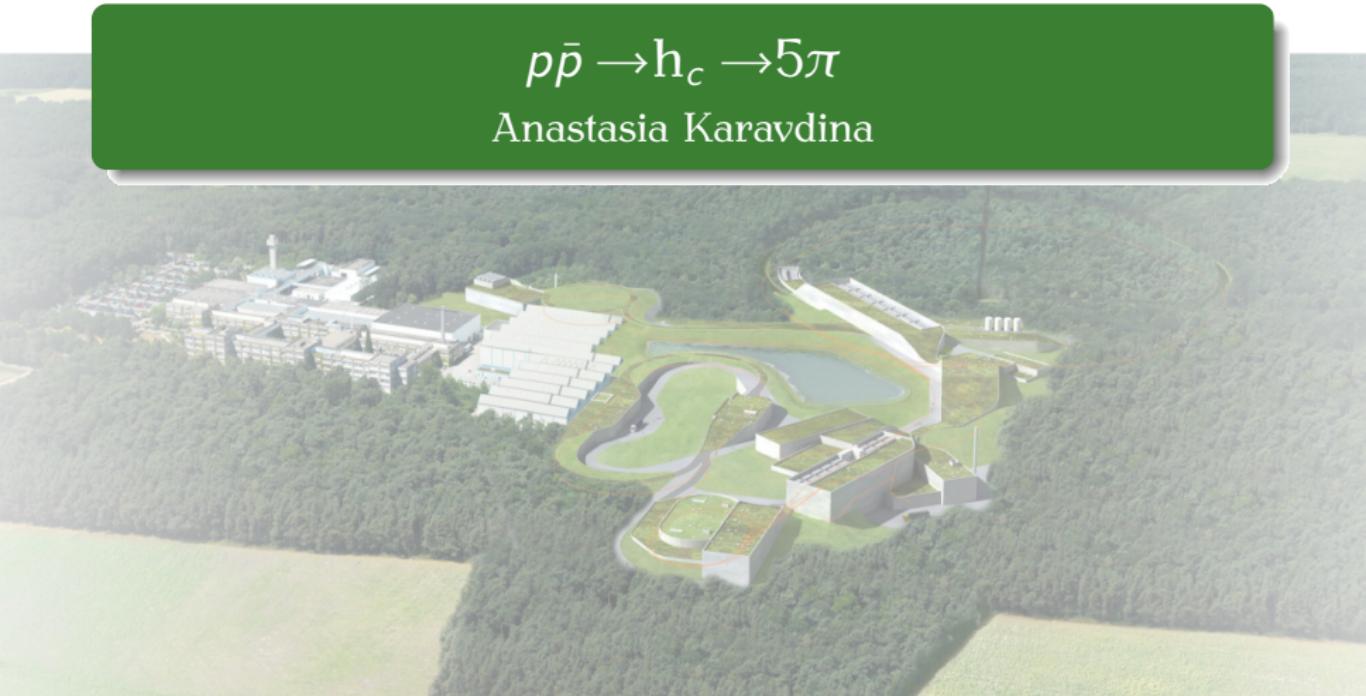


$$p\bar{p} \rightarrow h_c \rightarrow 5\pi$$

Anastasia Karavdina



# Motivation

$$\frac{h_c \rightarrow \gamma\eta_c}{h_c \rightarrow hadrons} \sim 1$$

Not much information about  $h_c \rightarrow hadrons$  channels:

- $h_c \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0 < 2.2 \cdot 10^{-3}$
- $h_c \rightarrow 2(\pi^+ \pi^-) \pi^0 (2.2^{+0.8}_{-0.7}) \%$
- $h_c \rightarrow 3(\pi^+ \pi^-) \pi^0 < 2.9 \%$

NB:  $p\bar{p} \rightarrow 2(\pi^+ \pi^-) \pi^0$  highest inelastic channel for  $p\bar{p}$

- + high statistic
- significant background

# Model $h_c \rightarrow 1 + 2$

$$h_c : I^G(J^{PC}) = 0^-(1^{+-})$$

S = Scalar, P = Pseudoscalar

V = Vector,  $V_p$  = pseudoVector (\* skipped in this study)

angular momentum and parity conservation:

$$(-1)^{J_c} P_c = (-1)^{J_1+J_2} P_1 P_2$$

| PP [1] | PV [1] | VV [1]     | PS | SS | SV | $V_p S$ | $V_p V$ | $V_p P$ | $V_p V_p$ |
|--------|--------|------------|----|----|----|---------|---------|---------|-----------|
| -      | +      | $\epsilon$ | +  | -  | -  | +       | +       | -       | -         |

+ - allowed

- - forbidden by angular momentum and parity conservation

$\epsilon$  - forbidden to leading-twist accuracy

G parity  $\rightarrow$  odd number of pions



QWG report "Heavy quarkonium physics" arXiv:hep-ph/0412158

# Model $h_c \rightarrow PV, PS$

## Vectors ( $\omega, \phi, J/\psi(1S), \rho(I=1)$ )

- $\omega[0^-(1^{--})] \rightarrow$   
 $\pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0 (89.2 \pm 0.7) \%$   
 $\pi^+ \pi^- (1.53^{+0.11}_{-0.13}) \%$
- $\rho[1^+(1^{--})] \rightarrow$   
 $\pi^+ \pi^- (\sim 100) \%$

## Scalars ( $f_0, \chi_{c0}(1P)$ )

- $f_0(600, 980)[0^+(0^{++})] \rightarrow$   
 $\pi\pi$  (dominant)
- $f_0(1500)[0^+(0^{++})] \rightarrow$   
 $\pi\pi (34.9 \pm 2.3) \%$
- $\chi_{c0}(1P)[0^+(0^{++})] \rightarrow$   
 $\pi\pi (8.4 \pm 0.4) \times 10^{-3}$

## Pseudoscalars ( $\eta, \eta', \eta_c(1S)$ )

- $\eta[0^+(0^{-+})] \rightarrow$   
 $3\pi^0 (32.57 \pm 0.23) \%$   
 $\pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0 (28.1 \pm 0.34) \%$

$$h_c \rightarrow 2(\pi^+ \pi^-) \pi^0$$

- $\eta\omega$  (+)  
 $\text{Br}(h_c \rightarrow \eta\omega) \times 0.0043 \sim 0.0043$
- $\eta\rho$  (violate I)  
 $\text{Br}(h_c \rightarrow \eta\rho) \times 0.28 \sim (\alpha^2 \times 0.28)$
- $\eta f_0(980)$  (violate G)  
 $\text{Br}(h_c \rightarrow \eta f_0) \times 0.28 \sim (???)$

NB:  $h_c \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- 3\pi^0$  via  $\eta \rightarrow 3\pi^0$

# Simulation details

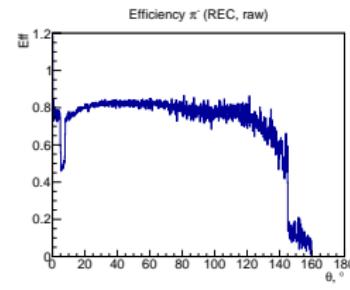
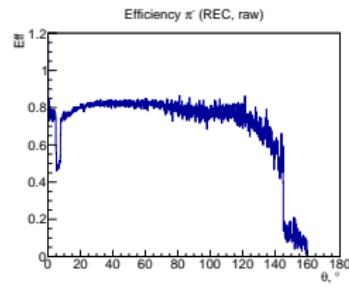
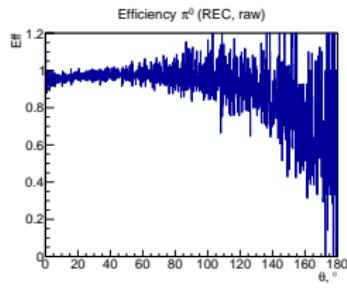
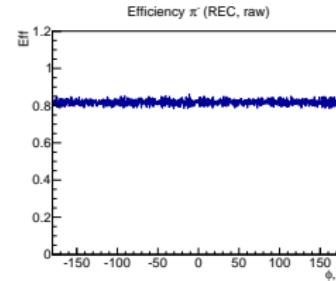
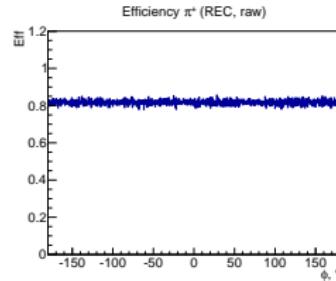
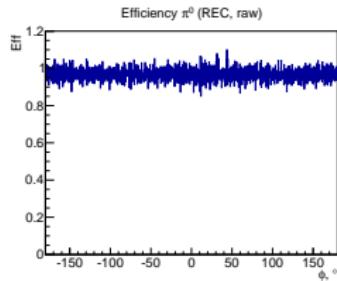
- ★ standard decay and particles files in EvtGen
- ★ Only width of  $h_c$  changed  $0 \rightarrow 0.7$  MeV  
(default mass of  $h_c$  is 3.52593 GeV)
- ★ noPhotos
- ★ standard FastSim (full and reduced) set-up
- ★ *MergeNeutralClusters()* switched on (more realistic  $\pi^0$ )
- ★ PionAllPlus, PionAllMinus ("PidChargedProbability")

$P_{beam} = 5.61$  GeV/c

$(E_{CM} = 3.52593$  GeV  $\rightarrow P_{beam} = 5.60883$  GeV/c in LAB)

## Reconstruction efficiency

## Finale state particles



# Event selection

$$h_c \rightarrow 2(\pi^+ \pi^-) \pi^0$$

$$\pi^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$$

- $\pi^0$  mass window cut ( $\pm 50$  MeV)

- $N_{\pi^0} = 1, N_{\pi^+} = 2, N_{\pi^-} = 2$

$$h_c \rightarrow 2(\pi^+ \pi^-) \pi^0$$

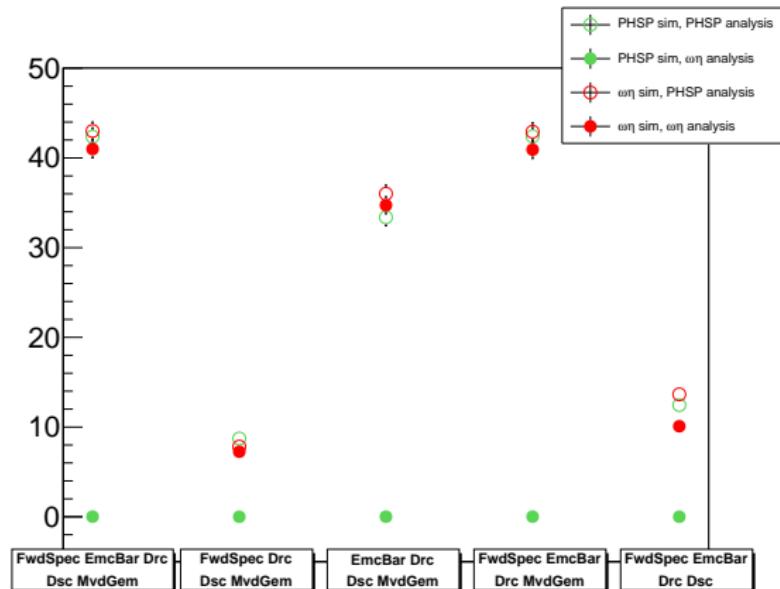
$\omega\eta$  analysis model:

- $\omega \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \rightarrow p_\perp(p_z)$  check
- $\eta \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0 \rightarrow p_\perp(p_z)$  check
- if both OK for diff  $\pi^+ \pi^-$  pairs  $\rightarrow \omega$  and  $\eta$  mass cuts

4C fit  $\rightarrow$  cut on  $\chi^2$

# Reconstruction efficiency

Signal,  $\eta\omega$  cut



**FwdSpec** = complete Forward Spectrometer (Fwd Spec. EMC, Fwd Tracking, RICH, Fwd MUO)

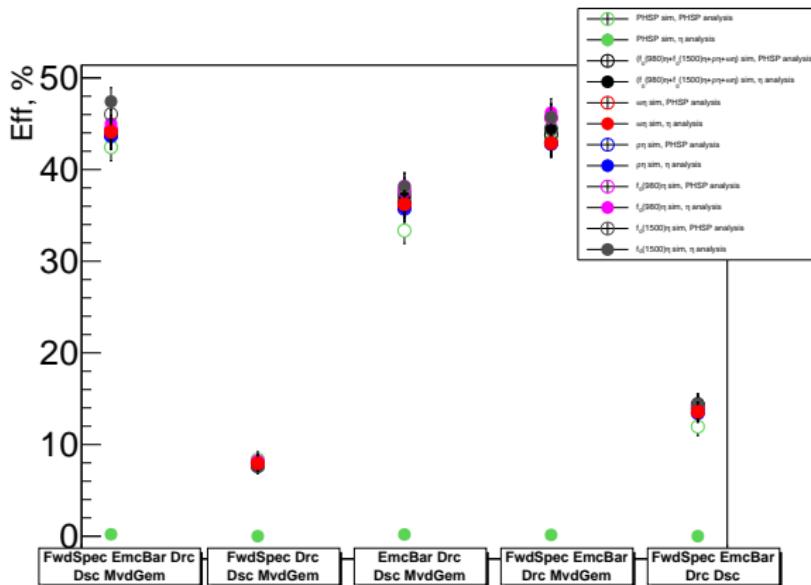
**EmcBarrel** = EMC barrel for calorimetry (neutral detection and PID component)

**Drc** = Barrel DIRC for PID, **Dsc** = Disc DIRC for PID

**MvdGem** = MVD and GEM for central tracking in addition to STT

# Reconstruction efficiency

Signal, only  $\eta$  mass cut



**FwdSpec** = complete Forward Spectrometer (Fwd Spec. EMC, Fwd Tracking, RICH, Fwd MUO)

**EmcBarrel** = EMC barrel for calorimetry (neutral detection and PID component)

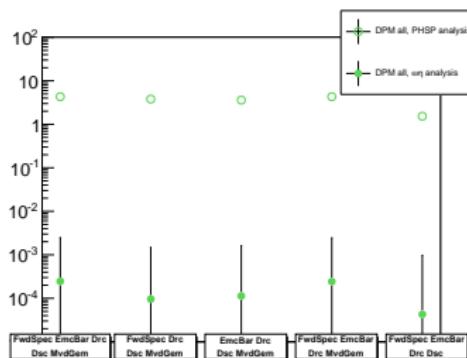
**Drc** = Barrel DIRC for PID, **Dsc** = Disc DIRC for PID

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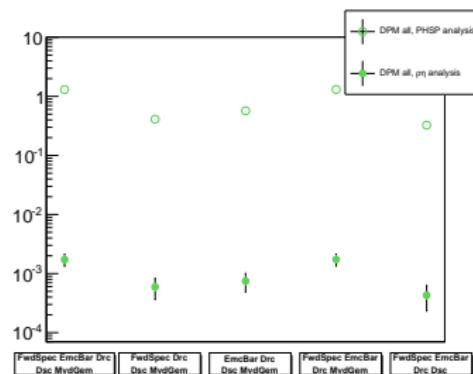
# Reconstruction efficiency

## Background

$\eta\omega$  cut



only  $\eta$  mass cut



**FwdSpec** = complete Forward Spectrometer (Fwd Spec. EMC, Fwd Tracking, RICH, Fwd MUO)

**EmcBarrel** = EMC barrel for calorimetry (neutral detection and PID component)

**Drc** = Barrel DIRC for PID, **Dsc** = Disc DIRC for PID

**MvdGem** = MVD and GEM for central tracking in addition to STT

# Significance

$$h_c \rightarrow 2(\pi^+ \pi^-) \pi^0$$

$$\text{Significance}(t) = \sqrt{L \cdot t} \frac{\sigma_s \cdot \epsilon_s \cdot f_{BR}}{\sqrt{\sigma_s \cdot \epsilon_s \cdot f_{BR} + \sigma_b \cdot \epsilon_b}}$$

"known":

$\sigma_s$  – signal cross-section (10-100 nb)

$\sigma_b$  – bkg cross-section (50 mb)

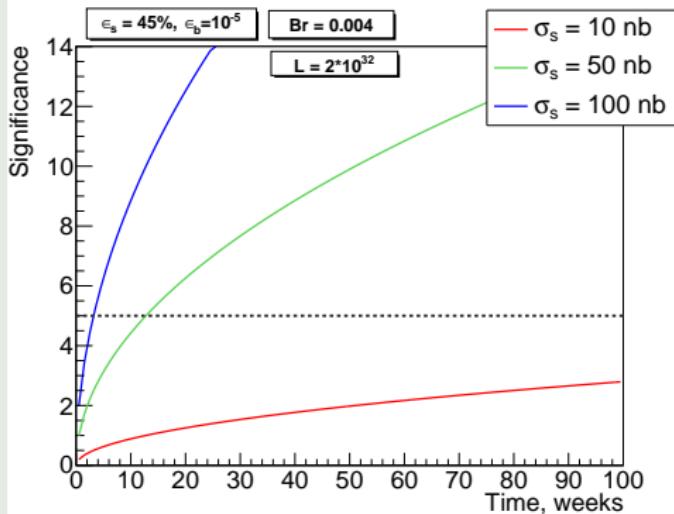
$f_{BR}$  – BR factor for given decay (0.004)

$L$  – luminosity ( $2 \cdot 10^{32}$ )

"input":

$\epsilon_s$  – rec. efficiency for signal

$\epsilon_b$  – rec. efficiency for bkg



# Event selection

$$h_c \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- 3\pi^0$$

$$\pi^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$$

- $\pi^0$  mass window cut ( $\pm 50$  MeV)
- $N_{\pi^0} = 3, N_{\pi^+} = 1, N_{\pi^-} = 1$

$$h_c \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- 3\pi^0$$

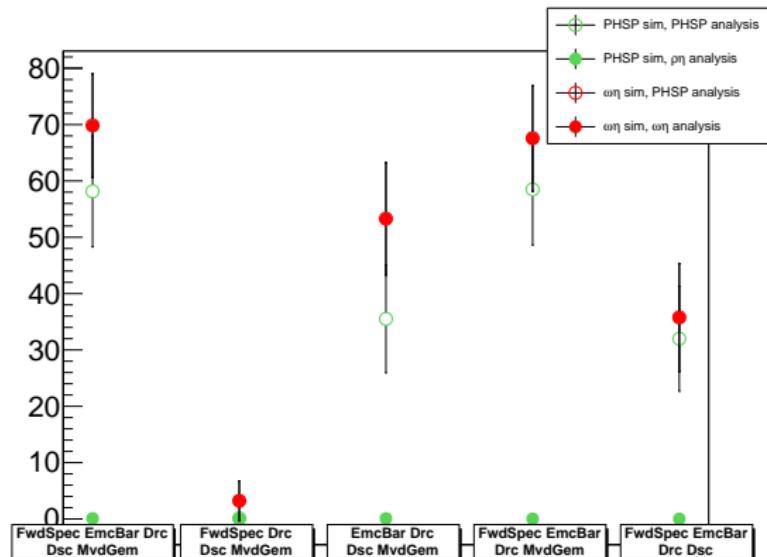
$\eta$  analysis model:

- $0.25 < M_{3\pi^0}^2 < 0.35$

4C fit  $\rightarrow$  cut on  $\chi^2$

# Reconstruction efficiency

Signal,  $\eta$  mass cut



**FwdSpec** = complete Forward Spectrometer (Fwd Spec. EMC, Fwd Tracking, RICH, Fwd MUO)

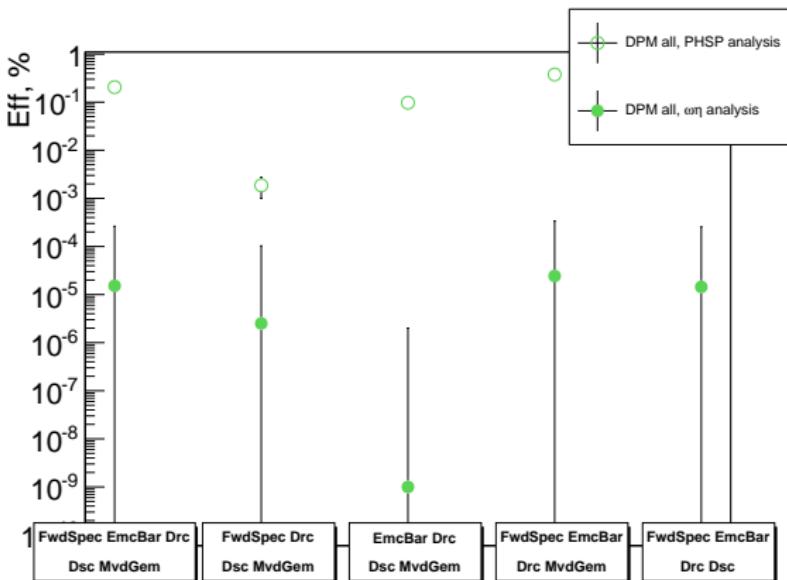
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# Reconstruction efficiency

## Background



**FwdSpec** = complete Forward Spectrometer (Fwd Spec. EMC, Fwd Tracking, RICH, Fwd MUO)

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$$\text{Significance}(t) = \sqrt{L \cdot t} \frac{\sigma_s \cdot \epsilon_s \cdot f_{BR}}{\sqrt{\sigma_s \cdot \epsilon_s \cdot f_{BR} + \sigma_b \cdot \epsilon_b}}$$

"known":

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$\sigma_b$  – bkg cross-section (50 mb)

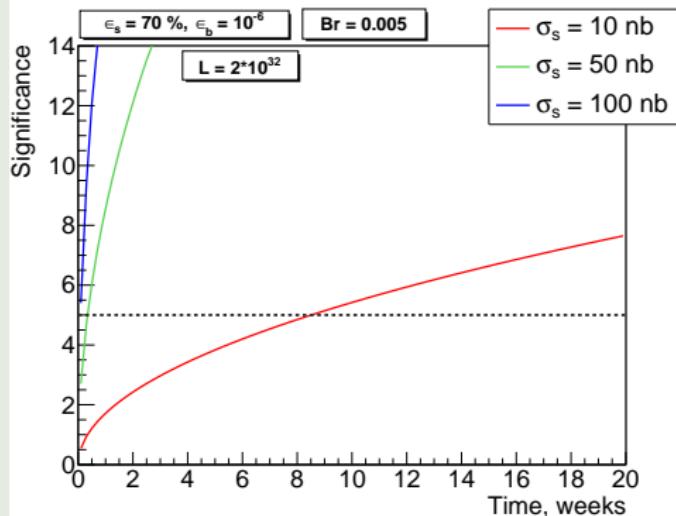
$f_{BR}$  – BR factor for given decay (0.004)

$L$  – luminosity ( $2 \cdot 10^{32}$ )

"input":

$\epsilon_s$  – rec. efficiency for signal

$\epsilon_b$  – rec. efficiency for bkg



# Significance

$$h_c \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- 3\pi^0$$

$$\text{Significance}(t) = \sqrt{L \cdot t} \frac{\sigma_s \cdot \epsilon_s \cdot f_{BR}}{\sqrt{\sigma_s \cdot \epsilon_s \cdot f_{BR} + \sigma_b \cdot \epsilon_b}}$$

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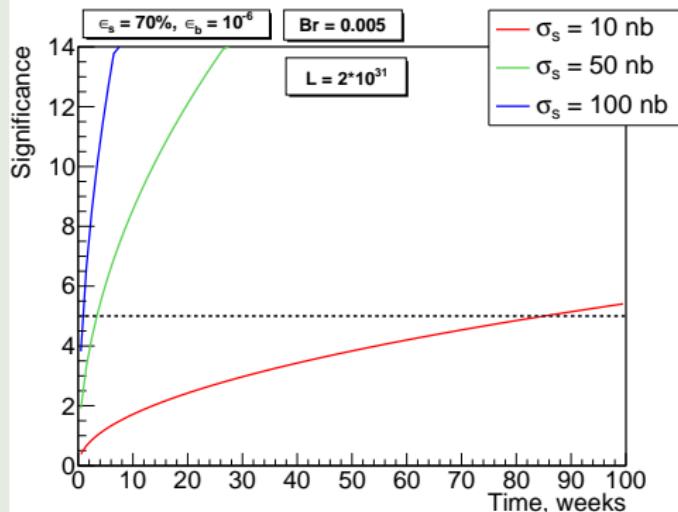
$f_{BR}$  – BR factor for given decay (0.004)

$L$  – luminosity ( $2 \cdot 10^{32}$ )

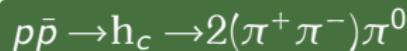
"input":

$\epsilon_s$  – rec. efficiency for signal

$\epsilon_b$  – rec. efficiency for bkg



# Results ( $P_{beam} = 5.61 \text{ GeV}/c$ )



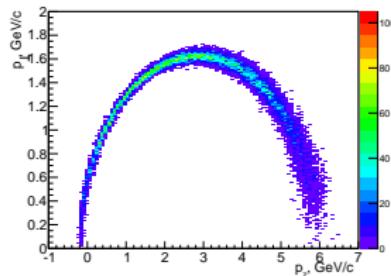
- PHSP and PV, PS models were checked
- $\epsilon_{sig} \sim 45 \text{ \%}$ ,  $\epsilon_{bkg} \sim 10^{-5}$
- $\sim 2\text{-}10$  weeks to achieve  $5\sigma$  significance ( $\sigma_s=50\text{-}100 \text{ nb}$ ,  $L=2\cdot10^{32} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$ )
- different detector set-up scenarios checked  
→ without EmcBarrel or MvdGem  $\epsilon_{sig} \sim 10 \text{ \%}$



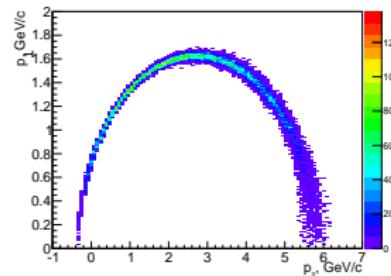
- PHSP and PV models were checked
- $\epsilon_{sig} \sim 70 \text{ \%}$ ,  $\epsilon_{bkg} \sim 10^{-7}$
- $\sim 1$  week to achieve  $5\sigma$  significance
- different detector set-up scenarios checked  
→ without EmcBarrel  $\epsilon_{sig} \sim 2 \text{ \%}$



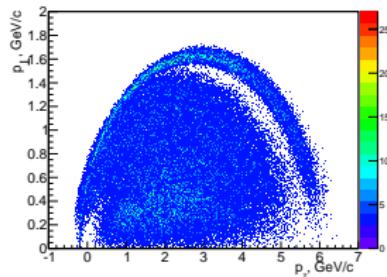
# Event selection with $p_{\perp}(p_z)$ [Peyrou]



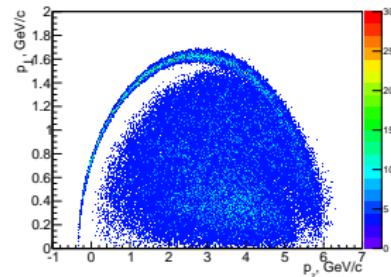
$\omega$  (MC)



$\eta$  (MC)



$\omega$  (all candidates)

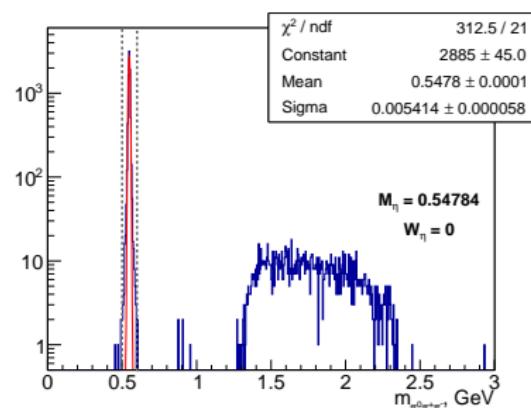
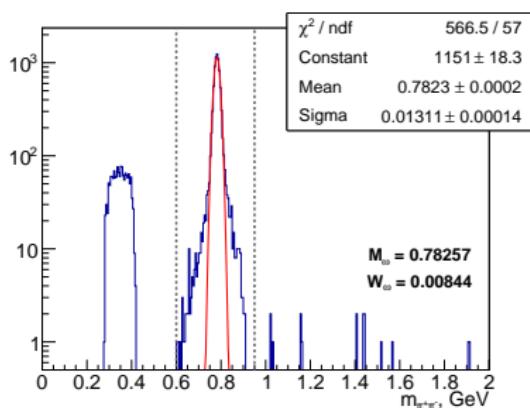


$\eta$  (all candidates)

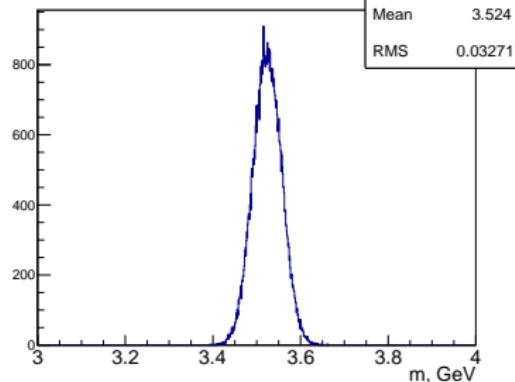
# Event selection

Mass window cut

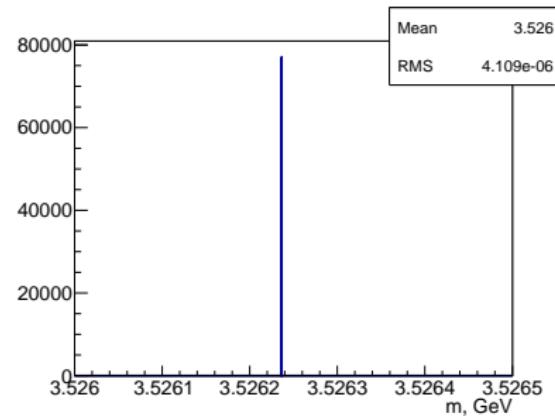
$\omega$  (left) and  $\eta$  (right)



# Reconstructed $h_c$ mass



after all cuts



after 4C fit