

Status of $\bar{p}p \rightarrow h_c \rightarrow \eta_c + \gamma$ analysis

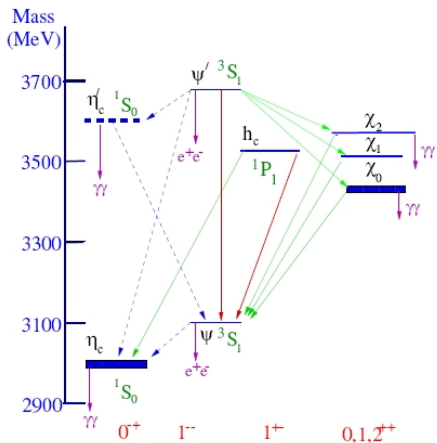
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Outline

- 1 Physics motivation
- 2 Result of analysis
- 3 Summary

h_c discovery



- E760 claimed signal in $h_c \rightarrow J/\psi + \pi^0$ decay.
- E835 failed to confirm this results but made a hint for $\bar{p}p \rightarrow h_c \rightarrow \eta_c + \gamma$ decay
- In 2004 CLEO observes h_c in inclusive and exclusive measurements of Ψ' decay.

Motivation to study

Spin-Spin part of potential

$$V_{SS} = \frac{2(\vec{S}_1 \cdot \vec{S}_2)}{3m_c^2} \cdot \nabla^2 V_V(r)$$

- For V_V purely from one-gluon exchange V_V (no vector contribution from confining part of potential) $V_V(r) \sim \frac{1}{r}$
- For P-state ($\Psi(r \rightarrow 0) \rightarrow 0$) no hiper-fine splitting
- Trtplet P-states are split by spin-orbit interaction
- Centre of gravity of triplet state

$$M_{cog} = \frac{M(\chi_0) + 3M(\chi_1) + 5M(\chi_2)}{9}$$

- Small $M_{cog} - M_{hc}$ results in small vector contribution to confining potential

h_c decay modes

Discovery channel

$$h_c \rightarrow J/\psi + \pi^0$$

Exclusive process

$$\bar{p}p \rightarrow h_c \rightarrow \eta_c + \gamma$$

Neutral channel

$$h_c \rightarrow \gamma + \eta_c \rightarrow \gamma + \gamma + \gamma \quad (BR = 4.3 \cdot 10^{-4})$$

Channels with charged particles

$$\eta_c \rightarrow K_S^0 K^\pm \pi^\pm \quad (BR = 1.9 \cdot 10^{-2})$$

$$\eta_c \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^- \quad (BR = 1.2 \cdot 10^{-2})$$

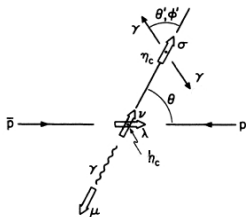
$$\eta_c \rightarrow K_L^0 K^\pm \pi^\pm \quad (BR = 1.9 \cdot 10^{-2})$$

$$\eta_c \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^0 \quad (BR = 1.5 \cdot 10^{-2})$$

$$\eta_c \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^+ \pi^- \quad (BR = 1.5 \cdot 10^{-2})$$

$$\eta_c \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \eta(\gamma\gamma) \quad (BR = 1.3 \cdot 10^{-2})$$

Description of the studied channel



Due to C-parity conservation the helicity-1 state does not enter into h_c production.

$$W(\theta) = W(\pi/2) \sin^2(\theta)$$

$$p\bar{p} \rightarrow h_c \rightarrow \eta_c + \gamma_1 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma\gamma_1,$$

$$E_\gamma = 503 \text{ MeV}$$

$$\eta_c \rightarrow \gamma\gamma, \text{ BR} = 4.3 \cdot 10^{-4}$$

$$E_{CM} = 3526 \text{ MeV}, p_z = 5609 \text{ MeV}$$

Cross-sections

$$\sigma_{p\bar{p} \rightarrow h_c \rightarrow \eta_c + \gamma} = 16.8 \pm 2.7 \text{ pb (E835)}$$

$$\sigma_{\pi^0\pi^0} = 31.4 \text{ nb}, E = 3526 \text{ MeV}, |\cos(\theta)| < 0.6$$

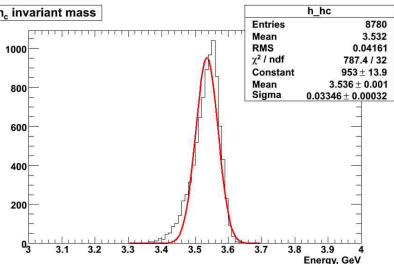
$$\sigma_{\pi^0\gamma} = 1.4 \text{ nb}, E = 3526 \text{ MeV}, |\cos(\theta)| < 0.6$$

Event selection

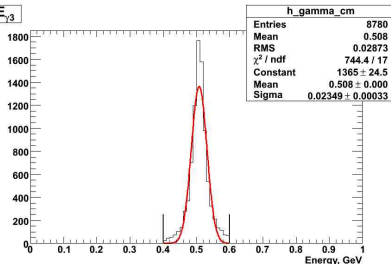
- 100 k events $p\bar{p} \rightarrow h_c \rightarrow \eta_c + \gamma$, ($E_{CM} = 3526\text{MeV}$)
- background
 - 1 M $p\bar{p} \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0$
 - 1 M $p\bar{p} \rightarrow \pi^0\gamma$
- Selection cuts:
 - Only 3 γ in events
 - η_c mass range [2.6:3.2] GeV
 - Difference to beam momentum:
 - $|p(\eta_c + \gamma)_z - p_{b,z}| < 0.2\text{GeV}$
 - $|p(\eta_c + \gamma)_{x,y}| < 0.2\text{GeV}$
 - E_{γ_3} within [0.4:0.6] GeV
 - $|\cos(\theta_{\gamma_{1,2}}^*)| < 0.4$
 - $M(\gamma_1 + \gamma_3), M(\gamma_2 + \gamma_3) > 1.0\text{GeV}$

$$h_c \rightarrow \eta_c + \gamma$$

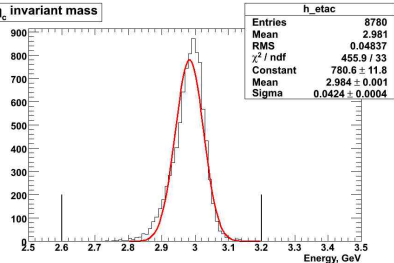
h_c invariant mass



$E_{\gamma 3}$

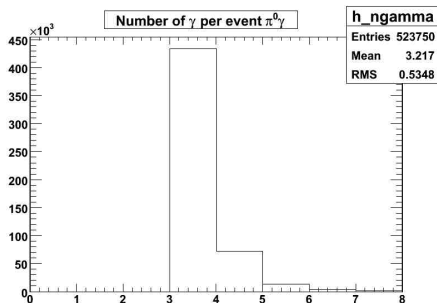
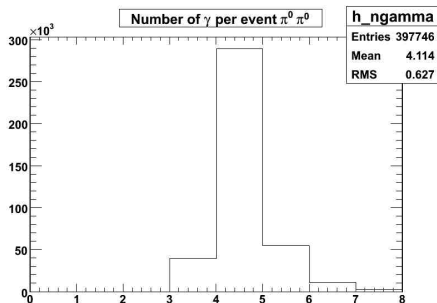


η_c invariant mass

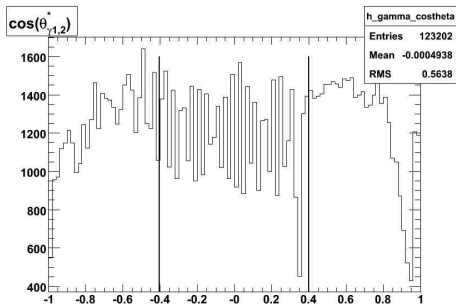
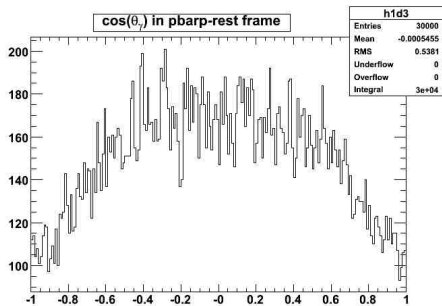


h_c mass	86.1%
3γ	67.1%
beam momentum	63.6%
$E_{\gamma 3}$	61.6%
$\cos(\theta_{1,2})$	23.5%
$M(\gamma 1 + \gamma 3), M(\gamma 2 + \gamma 3)$	8.8%

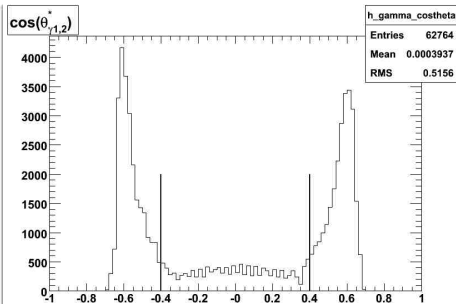
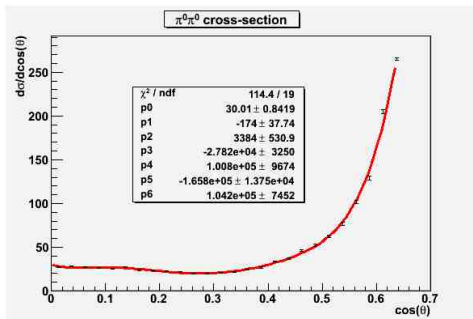
Number of γ in $\pi^0\pi^0$, $\pi^0\gamma$ events



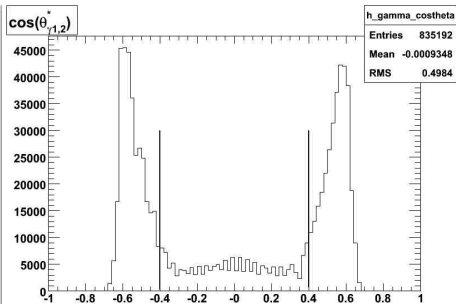
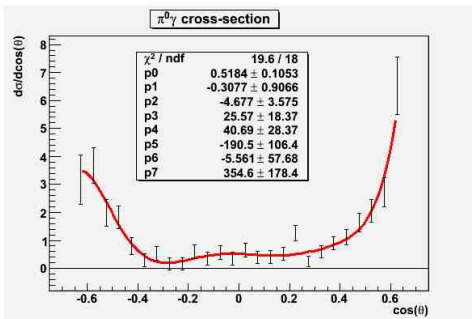
Distribution of $\cos(\theta_{\gamma 1,2})$ in h_c events



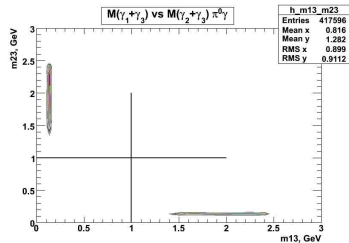
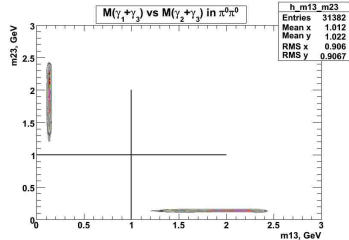
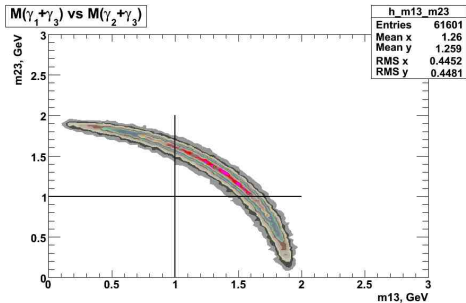
Distribution of $\cos(\theta_{\gamma 1,2})$ in $\pi^0\pi^0$ events



Distribution of $\cos(\theta_{\gamma 1,2})$ in $\pi^0\gamma$ events



Distribution of $M(\gamma_1 + \gamma_3), M(\gamma_2 + \gamma_3)$



Summary

- With applied tight cuts and available statistics it seems possible to extract signal of interest from background.
- Signal to background ratio
 $h_c : \pi^0\pi^0 : \pi^0\gamma = 1 : < 0.4 : < 0.02$
- Other background channel with neutral final states should be studied.